

275
COUNCIL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

PAN AMERICAN UNION



WASHINGTON, D. C.

Council Series

R

DECLASSIFIED

OEA/Ser.G/V
C-d-1024 (English) Rev.
23 October 1962
Original: Spanish

THE COUNCIL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES
ACTING PROVISIONALLY AS ORGAN OF CONSULTATION

(Resolution adopted at the meeting held on October 23, 1962)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE A/CDC/MR

REVIEWED by ✓ DATE 10/23/88
(RELEASE) (DECLASSIFY)
(RELEASE) (DECLASSIFY in PAET)
(DENY) (Non-responsive info.)
FOI: EO or PA EXCEPTIONS TO authority to: ✓ OADR
(CLASSIFY AS _____, OADR
(DOWNGRADE TO (B or C, OADR

DECLASSIFIED

2

DECLASSIFIED

WHEREAS,

The Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance of 1947 (Rio Treaty) recognizes the obligation of the American Republics to "provide for effective reciprocal assistance to meet armed attacks against any American state and in order to deal with threats of aggression against any of them";

Article 6 of the said Treaty states:

"If the inviolability or the integrity of the territory or the sovereignty or political independence of any American State should be affected by an aggression which is not an armed attack or by an extra-continental or intra-continental conflict, or by any other fact or situation that might endanger the peace of America, the Organ of Consultation shall meet immediately in order to agree on the measures which must be taken in case of aggression to assist the victim of the aggression or, in any case, the measures which should be taken for the common defense and for the maintenance of the peace and security of the Continent."

The Eighth Meeting of Consultation of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the American Republics in Punta del Este in January, 1962, agreed in Resolution II "To urge the member states to take those steps that they may consider appropriate for their individual and collective self-defense, and to cooperate, as may be necessary or desirable, to strengthen their capacity to counteract threats or acts of aggression, subversion, or other dangers to peace and security resulting from the continued intervention in this hemisphere of Sino-Soviet powers, in accordance with the obligations established in treaties and agreements such as the Charter of the Organization of American States and the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance;

REF ID: A6510

The Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the American Republics meeting informally in Washington, October 2 and 3, 1962, reasserted "the firm intention of the Governments represented and of the peoples of the American Republics to conduct themselves in accordance with the principles of the regional system, staunchly sustaining and consolidating the principles of the Charter of the Organization of American States, and affirmed the will to strengthen the security of the Hemisphere against all aggression from within or outside the Hemisphere and against all developments or situations capable of threatening the peace and security of the Hemisphere through the application of the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance of Rio de Janeiro. It was the view of the Ministers that the existing organizations and bodies of the inter-American system should intensify the carrying out of their respective duties with special and urgent attention to the situation created by the communist regime in Cuba and that they should stand in readiness to consider the matter promptly if the situation requires measures beyond those already authorized."

The same meeting "recalled that the Soviet Union's intervention in Cuba threatens the unity of the Americas and its democratic institutions, and that this intervention has special characteristics which, pursuant to paragraph 3 of Resolution II of the Eighth Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs, call for the adoption of special measures, both individual and collective";

REF ID: A6511

4

Incontrovertible evidence has appeared that the Government of Cuba, despite repeated warnings, has secretly endangered the peace of the Continent by permitting the Sino-Soviet powers to have intermediate and middle-range missiles on its territory capable of carrying nuclear warheads;

THE COUNCIL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

ACTING PROVISIONALLY AS ORGAN OF CONSULTATION

RESOLVES:

1. To call for the immediate dismantling and withdrawal from Cuba of all missiles and other weapons with any offensive capability;
2. To recommend that the member states, in accordance with Articles 6 and 8 of the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance, take all measures, individually and collectively including the use of armed force, which they may deem necessary to ensure that the Government of Cuba cannot continue to receive from the Sino-Soviet powers military material and related supplies which may threaten the peace and security of the Continent and to prevent the missiles in Cuba with offensive capability from ever becoming an active threat to the peace and security of the Continent;
3. To inform the Security Council of the United Nations of this resolution in accordance with Article 54 of the Charter of the United Nations, and to express the hope that the Security Council will, in accordance with the Resolution introduced by the United States, dispatch United Nations observers to Cuba at the earliest moment;

4. To continue to serve provisionally as Organ of Consultation and to request the Member States to keep the Organ of Consultation duly informed of measures taken by them in accordance with paragraph 2 of this resolution.

C/948

DECODED

DRAFT FOLLOWS

DATE 3/6/68REVIEWED by Ch. DaughTOP SECRET

(8)

RELEASE DECLASSIFY
 EXCISE DECLASSIFY in PART
 DENY Non-responsive info.
 FOL, EO or PA exemptions

TS authority Proposed Draft Resolution() CLASSIFY as OADR
 () DOWNGRADE TS to () S or () C, OADR
 WHEREAS,

The Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance of 1947 (Rio Treaty) recognizes the obligation of mutual assistance and common defense among the American Republics and provides "for effective reciprocal assistance to meet armed attacks against any American state and in order to deal with threats of aggression against any of them";

Article 6 of the said Treaty states:

"If the inviolability or the integrity of the territory or the sovereignty or political independence of any American State should be affected by an aggression which is not an armed attack or by an extra-continental or intra-continental conflict, or by any other fact or situation that might endanger the peace of America, the Organ of Consultation shall meet immediately in order to agree on the measures which must be taken in case of aggression to assist the victim of the aggression or, in any case, the measures which should be taken for the common defense and for the maintenance of the peace and security of the Continent."

The Eighth Meeting of Consultation of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the American Republics in Punta del Este in January, 1962 agreed in Resolution II "To urge the member states that they may consider appropriate for their individual and collective self-defense, and to cooperate, as may be necessary or desirable, to strengthen their capacity to counteract threats or acts of aggression, subversion, or other dangers to peace and security resulting from the continued intervention in this hemisphere of Sino-Soviet powers, in accordance with the obligations established in treaties

TOP SECRET

treaties and agreements such as the Charter of the Organization of American States and the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance";

The Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the American Republics meeting informally in Washington, October 2 and 3, 1962, reasserted "the firm intention of the Governments represented and of the peoples of the American Republics to conduct themselves in accordance with the principles of the regional system, staunchly sustaining and consolidating the principles of the Charter of the Organization of American States, and affirmed the will to strengthen the security of the Hemisphere against all aggression from within or outside the Hemisphere and against all developments or situations capable of threatening the peace and security of the Hemisphere through the application of the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance of Rio de Janeiro. It was the view of the Ministers that the existing organizations and bodies of the inter-American system should intensify the carrying out of their respective duties with special and urgent attention to the situation created by the communist regime in Cuba and that they should stand in readiness to consider the matter promptly if the situation requires measures beyond those already authorized."

The same

The same meeting "reaffirmed that the Soviet Union's intervention in Cuba threatens the unity of the Americas and its democratic institutions, and that this intervention has special characteristics which, pursuant to paragraph 3 of Resolution II of the Eighth Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs, call for the adoption of special measures, both individual and collective";

Incontrovertible evidence has appeared that the Government of Cuba, despite repeated warnings, has secretly endangered the peace of the Continent by permitting the establishment of intermediate and middle-range missiles on its territory by the Sino-Soviet powers;

THE COUNCIL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES, MEETING AS THE PROVISIONAL ORGAN OF CONSULTATION, RESOLVES:

1. To call for the immediate dismantling and withdrawal from Cuba of all missiles and other weapons with any offensive capability;
2. To recommend that the member states, in accordance with Articles 6 and 8 of the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance, take all measures, individually and collectively including the use of armed force, which they may deem necessary to ensure that the Government of Cuba cannot continue to receive from the Sino-Soviet powers

military

TOP SECRET

-4-

military material and related supplies which may threaten the peace and security of the Continent and to prevent the missiles and bases in Cuba with offensive capability from ever becoming an active threat to the peace and security of the continent;

3. Decides to inform the Security Council of the United Nations of this resolution in accordance with Article 54 of the Charter of the United Nations.

TOP SECRET

DRAFT FOLLOWS

*W. B. Smith*DATE 3/7/68

7

f

RELEASER BY W. B. Smith DATE 3/7/68

RELEASE (X) DECLASSIFY
() REFUSE () DECLASSIFY in PART
() DENY () Non-~~declassifiable~~ info.
FOL. EO or PA exemptions

TOP SECRET - SENSITIVE

TS authority to: PROPOSED OAS RESOLUTION
() CLASSIFY as SECRET, OADR
() DOWNGRADE TS to () S or () C, OADR

1. Whereas, the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance of 1947 (Rio Treaty) recognize the obligation of mutual assistance and common defense among the American Republics and provides for effective reciprocal assistance to meet armed attacks against any American state and to deal with threats of aggression against any of them;

2. Whereas, the Seventh Meeting of Consultation of Ministers of Foreign Affairs, held in San Jose, Costa Rica, condemned the intervention or the threat of intervention of extracontinental communist powers in the hemisphere and reiterated the obligation of the American states to observe faithfully the principles of the regional organization;

3. Whereas, the Eighth Meeting of Consultation of Ministers

of Foreign

TOP SECRET - SENSITIVE

of Foreign Affairs in Punta del Este in January 1962 agreed to urge the member states to take those steps that they may consider appropriate for their individual or collective self-defense, and to cooperate, as may be necessary or desirable, to strengthen their capacity to counteract threats or acts of subversion, ~~subversiveness~~, or other dangers to peace and security resulting from the continued intervention in this hemisphere of Sino-Soviet powers;

4. Whereas, the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the American Republics at Washington in October 1962 reasserted the firm intention of the Governments represented and of the peoples of the American Republics to conduct themselves in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the Organization of American States, and affirmed the will to strengthen the

security

security of the Hemisphere against all aggression from within or outside the Hemisphere and against all developments or situations capable of threatening the peace and security of the Hemisphere through the application of the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance of Rio de Janeiro;

5. Whereas, incontrovertible evidence shows that the Government of Cuba has threatened the peace of the Hemisphere by permitting the establishment on its territory by the Sino-Soviet powers of bases for ballistic missiles with a potential range covering most of North and South America, the Organ of Consultation, meeting in solemn session in Washington in October 1962, in accordance with Article 6 of the Rio Treaty, resolves that the member states signatory to the Rio Treaty, ~~expresses that the~~ are authorized in accordance with Articles 6 and 8 of said Treaty to take all measures,

TOP SECRET - SENSITIVE

-4-

individually or collectively, including the use of armed forces, which they may deem necessary to halt the actions which represent a threat to the peace and security of this Hemisphere by Cuba and the Sino-Soviet powers.

TOP SECRET - SENSITIVE